

In the following problems  $\hat{X}$  and  $\hat{P}$  denote the standard position and momentum operators acting in  $L^2(\mathbb{R})$ .

- 1 (5 points) Solve Exercise Problem 4.2.2 on Page 139 of Shankar.
- 2 (5 points) Solve Exercise Problem 4.2.3 on Page 139 of Shankar.
- 3 (10 points) Solve Exercise Problem 5.1.3 on Page 155 of Shankar.
- 4 (10 points) Solve Exercise Problem 5.2.1 on Page 163 of Shankar.
- 5 A particle of mass  $m$  moving in a straight line interacts with a potential of the form

$$v(x) = \begin{cases} -V_0 & \text{for } |x| < a, \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| \geq a, \end{cases}$$

where  $V_0$  and  $a$  are positive real parameters.

**5a** (30 points) Obtain all possible nonzero solutions of the time-independent Schrödinger equation and determine the structure of the energy spectrum of the system.

**5.b** (25 points) For each positive value of energy  $E > 0$  the time-independent Schrödinger equation admits a pair of solutions  $\psi_{E\pm}(x)$  satisfying

$$\psi_{E-}(x) = \begin{cases} T_r(E)e^{-ik_E x} & \text{for } x < -a, \\ e^{-ik_E x} + R_r(E)e^{ik_E x} & \text{for } x > a, \end{cases}$$

$$\psi_{E+}(x) = \begin{cases} e^{ik_E x} + R_l(E)e^{-ik_E x} & \text{for } x < -a, \\ T_l(E)e^{ik_E x} & \text{for } x > a, \end{cases}$$

where  $k_E := \sqrt{2mE}/\hbar$ , and  $R_r, T_r, R_l$ , and  $T_l$  are functions of  $E$ . Obtain explicit expressions for these functions, i.e., give their formula in terms of  $E, a, V_0$  and  $m$ .

**5.c** (5 points) Show that  $|R_l| = |R_r|$ .

**5.d** (10 points) Show that  $|R_l|^2 + |T_l|^2 = 1$  and  $|R_r|^2 + |T_r|^2 = 1$ .